The National Strategies

Level	AF1 Talking to others Talk in purposeful and imaginative ways to explore ideas and feelings, adapting and varying structure and vocabulary according to purpose, listeners, and content	AF2 Talking with others Listen and respond to others, including in pairs and groups, shaping meanings through suggestions, comments and questions	AF3 Talking within role-play and drama Create and sustain different roles and scenarios, adapting techniques in a range of dramatic activities to explore texts, ideas and issues	AF4 Talking about talk Understand the range and uses of spoken language, commenting on meaning and impact and draw on this when talking to others
8	Across a range of contexts make creative, precise selections from a wide repertoire of strategies and conventions to meet varied speaking and listening challenges adapt vocabulary, grammar, and nonverbal features to match context and purpose with distinct personal style	Across a range of contexts show perceptive understanding of varied, complex speech, sustaining concentrated listening and responding with flexibility to develop ideas initiate and lead a variety of group roles, managing and sustaining discussion with sensitivity	Across a range of contexts deepen response to ideas and issues by exploiting dramatic approaches and techniques creatively, and experimenting with complex roles and scenarios	Across a range of contexts reflect on and apply clear understanding and knowledge of the significance of spoken language variation, evaluating own and others' discourse
7	Across a range of contexts explore a wide range of subject matter with precision and effect manage and manipulate talk to position the listener make apt and flexible choices of vocabulary, grammar, and non-verbal features across different registers	Across a range of contexts respond to and interrogate what is said and how delivery relates to the speaker's viewpoint, shaping direction and content of talk with well-judged contributions draw on a range of different group roles and responsibilities, sustaining effective collaboration and discussion	Across a range of contexts explore complex ideas and issues through insightful choice of speech, gesture, and movement, establishing roles and applying dramatic approaches with confidence	Across a range of contexts evaluate meaning and impact of a range of significant features of language variation in own and others' discourse
6	Across a range of contexts explore complex ideas and feelings in a range of ways, both succinct and extended maintain generally controlled and effective organisation of talk to guide the listener adapt vocabulary, grammar, and nonverbal features to meet an increasing range of demands	Across a range of contexts engage with complex material making perceptive responses, showing awareness of the speaker's aims and extending meanings adopt group roles and responsibilities independently, drawing ideas together and promoting effective discussion	Across a range of contexts demonstrate empathy and understanding through flexible choices of speech, gesture, and movement, adapting roles convincingly to explore ideas and issues	Across a range of contexts analyse meaning and impact of spoken language variation, exploring significant details in own and others' language
5	Across a range of contexts express and explain relevant ideas and feelings, with some elaboration to make meaning explicit shape talk in deliberate ways for clarity and effect to engage the listener adapt vocabulary, grammar, and nonverbal features in ways well-matched to audience, purpose and context	Across a range of contexts recognise significant details and implicit meanings, developing the speaker's ideas in different ways sustain roles and responsibilities with independence in pairs or groups, sometimes shaping overall direction of talk with effective contributions	Across a range of contexts show insight into texts and issues through deliberate choices of speech, gesture, and movement, beginning to sustain and adapt different roles and scenarios	Across a range of contexts explain features of own and others' language use, showing understanding of effect of varying language for different purposes and situations
4	Across a range of contexts speak in extended turns to express straightforward ideas and feelings, with some relevant detail structure talk in ways which support meaning and show attention to the listener' vary vocabulary, grammar, and non-verbal features to suit audience, purpose, and context	 Across a range of contexts show generally clear understanding of content and how it is presented, sometimes introducing new material or ideas take on straightforward roles and responsibilities in pairs and groups 	Across a range of contexts convey straightforward ideas about characters and situations, making deliberate choices of speech, gesture, and movement in different roles and scenarios	Across a range of contexts show understanding of how and why language choices vary in their own and others' talk in different situations
3	In most contexts	In most contexts respond to the speaker's main ideas, developing them through generally relevant comments and suggestions attempt different roles and responsibilities in pairs or groups	In most contexts show understanding of characters or situations by adapting speech, gesture, and movement, helping to create roles and scenarios	In most contexts recognise and comment on different ways that meaning can be expressed in own and others' talk
2	In some contexts recount experiences and imagine possibilities, often connecting ideas vary talk in simple ways to gain and hold the attention of the listener make specific vocabulary choices and use non-verbal features that show awareness of different purposes and listeners	In some contexts Iisten and respond to the speaker, making simple comments and suggestions. make helpful contributions when speaking in turn, in pairs, and in small groups	In some contexts extend experience and ideas, adapting speech, gesture, or movement to simple roles and different scenarios	In some contexts show awareness of ways in which speakers vary talk, and why, through exploring different ways of speaking
1	In some contexts express feelings and ideas when speaking about matters of immediate interest talk in ways that are audible and intelligible to familiar others show some awareness of the listener by making changes to language and non-verbal features	In some contexts understand and engage with the speaker, demonstrating attentive listening engage with others through taking turns in pairs and small groups	In some contexts engage in imaginative play enacting simple characters and situations using everyday speech, gesture, or movement	In some contexts notice simple differences in speakers' use of language and try out new words and ways of expressing meaning







	AF1 – use a range of strategies, including accurate decoding of text, to read for meaning	AF2 – understand, describe, select or retrieve information, events or ideas from texts and use quotation and reference to text	AF3 – deduce, infer or interpret information, events or ideas from texts	AF4 – identify and comment on the structure and organisation of texts, including grammatical and presentational features at text level	AF5 – explain and comment on writers' use of language, including grammatical and literary features at word and sentence level	AF6 – identify and comment on writers' purposes and viewpoints, and the overall effect of the text on the reader	AF7 – relate texts to their social, cultural and historical traditions	
Level 8		Across a range of reading clear critical stance develops a coherent interpret well supported by reference and wider textual kn	ation of text(s), drawing on imaginative insights and owledge	Across a range of reading • clear appreciation and understanding of how the text structure and language use support the writer's purpose and contribute to meaning		Across a range of reading • response to overall effect of the text shows clear understanding and critical evaluation of writer's purposes and viewpoints and how these are articulated throughout the text	Across a range of reading • sustained critical analysis/evaluation of the text(s) shows appreciation of how it relates to context(s) and tradition(s) and explores the meanings produced from it	
Level 7		Across a range of reading Increasing precision in selection and application of textual reference to the point being made, e.g. close reference at word level to refute an argument in a short stretch of text, or, deft selection across a longer textual stretch to evaluate a writer's viewpoint Increasing ability to draw on knowledge of other sources to develop or clinch an argument, e.g. referring to sources beyond the text to compare the effectiveness of imagery used	Across a range of reading • comments begin to develop an interpretation of the text(s), making connections between insights, teasing out meanings or weighing up evidence, e.g. considering the relative importance of different pieces of evidence when evaluating a character's actions; rejecting an argument after exploring what is left unsaid by its proponent; developing a critique of a writer's viewpoint by adducing evidence from a range of insights	Across a range of reading some evaluation of the extent to which structural choices support the writer's theme or purpose, e.g. exploration of the way a play's plot and subplot reflect on theme, or analysis of how the use of some inappropriate examples undermine the writer's argument against vivisection some appreciation of the skill with which a range of features relating to organisation at text level are used, e.g. evaluating or comparing the effectiveness of timeswitches, section/chapter breaks or verse forms or use of direct speech in non narrative	Across a range of reading comments begin to develop precise, perceptive analysis of how language is used, e.g. showing how language use reflects Macbeth's changing emotional state or explaining how euphemisms conceal brutality in a political statement some appreciation of how the writer's language choices contribute to the overall effect on the reader, e.g. demonstrating the greater effectiveness of imagery in poem A than poem B, or arguing that the use of highly emotive language in a campaign leaflet is/is not counterproductive in audience effect	responses begin to develop some analytic or evaluative comment on writer's purpose, e.g. showing how the absence of females in Lord of the Flies affects author's purpose responses begin to develop some analytic or evaluative comment on how viewpoint is established or managed across a text, e.g. tracing how a persona is established in a weekly newspaper column or dramatic monologue, or how a novelist establishes a first person narrator responses begin to develop an appreciation of how particular techniques and devices achieve the effects they do, e.g. how the dramatic monologues serve to retain sympathy for Macbeth despite what he has done	Rcross a range of reading responses begin to show some analysis of how a text is influenced by earlier texts written within the same tradition, e.g. how some features of a contemporary text show influence of earlier examples of that genre some analysis of how different meanings and interpretations of a text relate to the contexts in which it was written or read, e.g. how a particular context influences writers in different ways; or how the meaning or interpretation of a text changes according to the context in which it is read	
Level 6		Across a range of reading relevant points clearly identified, including summary and synthesis of information from different sources or different places in the same text commentary incorporates apt textual reference and quotation to support main ideas or argument	Across a range of reading comments securely based in textual evidence and identify different layers of meaning, with some attempt at detailed exploration of them, e.g. explaining the association of different words in an image, or exploring connotations in a political speech or advertisement comments consider wider implications or significance of information, events or ideas in the text, e.g. tracing how details contribute to overall meaning	Across a range of reading some detailed exploration of how structural choices support the writer's theme or purpose, e.g. tracing how main ideas/characters develop over the text as a whole comment on how a range of features relating to organisation at text level contribute to the effects achieved, e.g. how the writer builds up to an unexpected ending, juxtaposes ideas, changes perspectives or uses everyday examples to illustrate complex ideas	Across a range of reading some detailed explanation, with appropriate terminology, of how language is used, e.g. tracing an image; identifying and commenting on patterns or structure in the use of language; or recognising changes in language use at different points in a text some drawing together of comments on how the writer's language choices contribute to the overall effect on the reader, e.g. 'all the images of flowers make the events seem less horrific and makes it even sadder'	Across a range of reading evidence for identifying main purpose precisely located at word/sentence level or traced through a text, e.g. commenting on repetition of 'Brutus was an honourable man'. viewpoint clearly identified and explanation of it developed through close reference to the text, e.g. 'you know it's told from Eric's point of view even though he doesn't use the first person' the effect on the reader clearly identified, with some explicit explanation as to how that effect has been created, e.g. 'when Macduff just says he has no children you hate Macbeth because you remember the scene in the castle. You realise Macduff's revenge can never be complete'	Across a range of reading some exploration of textual conventions or features as used by writers from different periods, e.g. comparing examples of sonnet form, dramatic monologue, or biography or travel writing some detailed discussion of how the contexts in which texts are written and read affect meaning, e.g. how an idea/topic is treated differently in texts from different times and places or how the meaning of a text has changed over time	
Level 5		Across a range of reading most relevant points clearly identified, including those selected from different places in the text comments generally supported by relevant textual reference or quotation, even when points made are not always accurate	Across a range of reading comments develop explanation of inferred meanings drawing on evidence across the text, e.g. 'you know her dad was lying because earlier she saw him take the letter' comments make inferences and deductions based on textual evidence, e.g. in drawing conclusions about a character's feelings on the basis of their speech and actions	Across a range of reading Comments on structural choices show some general awareness of writer's craft, e.g. 'it tells you all things burglars can do to your house and then the last section explains how the alarm protects you' various features relating to organisation at text level, including form, are clearly identified, with some explanation, e.g. 'each section starts with a question as if he's answering the crowd'	Across a range of reading various features of writer's use of language identified, with some explanation, e.g. 'when it gets to the climax they speak in short sentences and quickly which makes it more tense' comments show some awareness of the effect of writer's language choices, e.g. "inked up" is a good way of describing how the blackberries go a bluey black colour as they ripen'	Across a range of reading main purpose clearly identified, often through general overview, e.g. 'the writer is strongly against war and wants to persuade the reader to agree' viewpoint in texts clearly identified, with some, often limited, explanation, e.g. 'at the end he knows he's done wrong and makes the snake sound attractive and mysterious' general awareness of effect on the reader, with some, often limited, explanation, e.g. 'you'd be persuaded to sign up because 25p a week doesn't seem that much to help someone see'	Across a range of reading comments identify similarities and differences between texts, or versions, with some explanation, e.g. narrative conventions in traditional tales or stories from different cultures, ballads, newspaper reports some explanation of how the contexts in which texts are written and read contribute to meaning, e.g. how historical context influenced adverts or war reports from different times/places; or how a novel relates to when/where it was written	
Level 4		Across a range of reading some relevant points identified comments supported by some generally relevant textual reference or quotation, e.g. reference is made to appropriate section of text but is unselective and lacks focus	Across a range of reading comments make inferences based on evidence from different points in the text, e.g. interpreting a character's motive from their actions at different points inferences often correct, but comments are not always rooted securely in the text or repeat narrative or content	Some structural choices identified with simple comment, e.g. 'he describes the accident first and then goes back to tell you why the child was in the road' Some basic features of organisation at text level identified, e.g. 'the writer uses bullet points for the main reasons'	Across a range of reading • some basic features of writer's use of language identified, e.g. 'all the questions make you want to find out what happens next' • simple comments on writer's choices, e.g. "disgraceful" is a good word to use to show he is upset'	Across a range of reading main purpose identified, e.g. 'it's all about why going to the dentist is important and how you should look after your teeth' simple comments show some awareness of writer's viewpoint, e.g. 'he only tells you good things about the farm and makes the shop sound boring' simple comment on overall effect on reader, e.g. 'the way she describes him as "ratlike" and "shifty" makes you think he's disgusting'	Across a range of reading features common to different texts or versions of the same text identified, with simple comment, e.g. characters, settings, presentational features simple comment on the effect that the reader's or writer's context has on the meaning of texts e.g. historical context, place, social relationships	
Level 3	In most reading • range of strategies used mostly effectively to read with fluency, understanding and expression	In most reading • simple, most obvious points identified though there may also be some misunderstanding, e.g. about information from different places in the text • some comments include quotations from or references to text, but not always relevant, e.g. often retelling or paraphrasing sections of the text rather than using it to support comment	In most reading • straightforward inference based on a single point of reference in the text, e.g. 'he was upset because it says "he was crying"' • responses to text show meaning established at a literal level e.g. 'walking good' means 'walking carefully' or based on personal speculation e.g. a response based on what they personally would be feeling rather than feelings of character in the text	In most reading • a few basic features of organisation at text level identified, with little or no linked comment, e.g. 'it tells about all the different things you can do at the zoo'	In most reading • a few basic features of writer's use of language identified, but with little or no comment, e.g. 'there are lots of adjectives'	In most reading comments identify main purpose, e.g. 'the writer doesn't like violence' express personal response but with little awareness of writer's viewpoint or effect on reader, e.g. 'she was just horrible like my nan is sometimes'	In most reading • some simple connections between texts identified, e.g. similarities in plot, topic, or books by same author, about same characters • recognition of some features of the context of texts, e.g. historical setting, social or cultural background	
Level 2	In some reading range of key words read on sight unfamiliar words decoded using appropriate strategies, e.g. blending sounds some fluency and expression, e.g. taking account of punctuation, speech marks	In some reading • some specific, straightforward information recalled, e.g. names of characters, main ingredients • generally clear idea of where to look for information, e.g. about characters, topics	In some reading simple, plausible inference about events and information, using evidence from text e.g. how a character is feeling, what makes a plant grow comments based on textual cues, sometimes misunderstood	In some reading • some awareness of use of features of organisation, e.g. beginning and ending of story, types of punctuation	In some reading • some effective language choices noted, e.g. 'slimy' is a good word there • some familiar patterns of language identified, e.g. once upon a time; first, next, last	In some reading • some awareness that writers have viewpoints and purposes, e.g. 'it tells you how to do something', 'she thinks it's not fair' • simple statements about likes and dislikes in reading, sometimes with reasons	In some reading	
Level 1	In some reading, usually with support: • some high frequency and familiar words read fluently and automatically • decode familiar and some unfamiliar words using blending as the prime approach • some awareness of punctuation marks, e.g. pausing at full stops	In some reading, usually with support: some simple points from familiar texts recalled some pages/sections of interest located, e.g. favourite characters/events/information/pictures	In some reading, usually with support: • reasonable inference at a basic level, e.g. identifying who is speaking in a story • comments/questions about meaning of parts of text, e.g. details of illustrations diagrams, changes in font style	In some reading, usually with support: • some awareness of meaning of simple text features, e.g. font style, labels, titles	In some reading, usually with support: • comments on obvious features of language, e.g. rhymes and refrains, significant words and phrases	In some reading, usually with support: • some simple comments about preferences, mostly linked to own experience	In some reading, usually with support: • a few basic features of well-known story and information texts distinguished, e.g. what typically happens to good and bad characters, differences between type of text in which photos or drawings used	





The National Strategies | Secondary
APP Writing: Assessment Focuses and Criteria

	AF5 – vary sentences for clarity, purpose and effect	AF6 – write with technical accuracy of syntax and punctuation in phrases, clauses and sentences	AF3 – organise and present whole texts effectively, sequencing and structuring information, ideas and events	AF4 – construct paragraphs and use cohesion within and between paragraphs	AF1 – write imaginative, interesting and thoughtful texts	AF2 – produce texts which are appropriate to task, reader and purpose	AF7 – select appropriate and effective vocabulary	AF8 – use correct spelling	Handwriting and presentation
Level 8	Across a range of writing • sentence structure is imaginative, precise and accurate, matched to writer's purpose and intended effect on the reader • imaginative, well controlled structuring of subject matter and management of paragraphing provide textual coherence and cohesion to position the reader appropriately in relation to the writer's purpose		Across a range of writing creative selection and adaptation of meet varied writing challenges with matched to intended effect	a wide range of forms and conventions to distinctive personal voice and style	Across a range of writing • wide ranging vocabulary used imaginatively and with precision	Across a range of writing • correct spelling throughout			
Level 7	Across a range of writing variety of sentence types deployed judiciously across the text to achieve purpose and overall effect, with rare loss of control a range of features employed to shape/craft sentences that have individual merit and contribute to overall development of the text, e.g. embedded phrases and clauses that support succinct explanation; secure control of complex verb forms; antithesis, repetition or balance in sentence structure		1				Across a range of writing vocabulary consistently, often imaginatively, well matched to purpose and audience range of vocabulary generally varied and ambitious, often judiciously chosen	Across a range of writing • correct spelling throughout	
Level 6	Across a range of writing controlled use of a variety of simple and complex sentences to achieve purpose and contribute to overall effect confident use of a range of sentence features to clarify or emphasise meaning, e.g. fronted adverbials ('Reluctantly, he, Five days later, it'), complex noun or prepositional phrases	Across a range of writing syntax and full range of punctuation are consistently accurate in a variety of sentence structures, with occasional errors in ambitious structures, e.g. only occasional comma splices, some use of semi-colons, not always accurate	Across a range of writing material is clearly controlled and sequenced, taking account of the reader's likely reaction, e.g. paragraphs of differing lengths, use of flashback in narrative, anticipating reader's questions range of features clearly signal overall direction of the text for the reader, e.g. opening paragraphs that introduce themes clearly, paragraph markers, links between paragraphs	Cross a range of writing construction of paragraphs clearly supports meaning and purpose, e.g. paragraph topic signalled and then developed, withholding of information for effect, thematic links between paragraphs within paragraphs, cohesive devices contribute to emphasis and effect, e.g. adverbials as sentence starters	Across a range of writing imaginative treatment of appropriate materials, familiarity with conventions of a variety of forms, adapting them when needed to suit purpose and audience, not always successfully, e.g. deliberate use of inappropriate register for humour, clear emphasis on narration rather than plot convincing, individual voice or point of view established and mostly sustained throughout, e.g. authoritative expert view, convincing characterisation, adopting a role level of formality used for purpose and audience generally appropriate and a range of stylistic devices used to achieve effect, not always successfully, e.g. controlled informality, generalisations or shifts between conversational style and more literary language		Across a range of writing vocabulary chosen generally appropriate to purpose and audience range of vocabulary generally varied and often ambitious, even though choices not always apt	Across a range of writing generally correct spelling throughout, including some ambitious, uncommon words words with complex sound/symbol relationships words with unstressed syllables multiletter vowel and consonant symbols likely errors occasionally in complex words such as outrageous, exaggerated, announcing, parallel	
Level 5	Across a range of writing a variety of sentence lengths, structures and subjects provides clarity and emphasis wider range of connectives used to clarify relationship between ideas, e.g. although, on the other hand, meanwhile some features of sentence structure used to build up detail or convey shades of meaning, e.g. variation in word order, expansions in verb phrases	full range of writing full range of punctuation used accurately to demarcate sentences, including speech punctuation syntax and punctuation within the sentence generally accurate including commas to mark clauses, though some errors occur where ambitious structures are attempted	Across a range of writing material is structured clearly, with sentences organised into appropriate paragraphs development of material is effectively managed across text, e.g. closings referback to openings overall direction of the text supported by clear links between paragraphs	Paragraphs clearly structure main ideas across text to support purpose, e.g. clear chronological or logical links between paragraphs within paragraphs / sections, a range of devices support cohesion, e.g. secure use of pronouns, connectives, references back to text links between paragraphs / sections generally maintained across whole text	Across a range of writing relevant ideas and material developed with some imaginative detail development of ideas and material appropriately shaped for selected form, e.g. nominalization for succinctness clear viewpoint established, generally consistent, with some elaboration, e.g. some, uneven, development of individual voice or characterisation in role	Across a range of writing main purpose of writing is clear and consistently maintained features of selected form clearly established with some adaptation to purpose appropriate style clearly established to maintain reader's interest throughout	Across a range of writing vocabulary chosen for effect reasonably wide vocabulary used, though not always appropriately	Across a range of writing correct spelling of grammatical function words almost all inflected words most derivational suffixes and prefixes most content/lexical words likely errors cocasional phonetically plausible spelling of unstressed syllables in content words double consonants in prefixes	
Level 4	Across a range of writing some variety in length, structure or subject of sentences use of some subordinating connectives, e.g. if, when, because throughout the text some variation, generally accurate, in tense and verb forms	Across a range of writing sentences demarcated accurately throughout the text, including question marks speech marks to denote speech generally accurate, with some other speech punctuation commas used in lists and occasionally to mark clauses, although not always accurately	Across a range of writing • ideas organised by clustering related points or by time sequence • ideas are organised simply with a fitting opening and closing, sometimes linked • ideas or material generally in logical sequence but overall direction of writing not always clearly signalled	Across a range of writing paragraphs / sections help to organise content, e.g. main idea usually supported or elaborated by following sentences within paragraphs / sections, limited range of connections between sentences, e.g. overuse of 'also' or pronouns some attempts to establish simple links between paragraphs / sections not always maintained, e.g. firstly, next	Across a range of writing relevant ideas and content chosen some ideas and material developed in detail, e.g. descriptions elaborated by adverbial and expanded noun phrases straightforward viewpoint generally established and maintained, e.g. writing in role or maintaining a consistent stance	Across a range of writing main purpose of writing is clear but not always consistently maintained main features of selected form are clear and appropriate to purpose style generally appropriate to task, though awareness of reader not always sustained	Across a range of writing some evidence of deliberate vocabulary choices some expansion of general vocabulary to match topic	Across a range of writing correct spelling of most common grammatical function words, including adverbs with -ly formation regularly formed content/lexical words, including those with multiple morphemes most past and present tense inflections, plurals likely errors homophones of some common grammatical function words occasional phonetically plausible spelling in content/lexical words	
Level 3	In most writing • reliance mainly on simply structured sentences, variation with support, e.g. some complex sentences • and, but, so are the most common connectives, subordination occasionally • some limited variation in use of tense and verb forms, not always secure	In most writing straightforward sentences usually demarcated accurately with full stops, capital letters, question and exclamation marks some, limited, use of speech punctuation comma splicing evident, particularly in narrative	In most writing • some attempt to organise ideas with related points placed next to each other • openings and closings usually signalled • some attempt to sequence ideas or material logically	In most writing • some internal structure within sections of text e.g. one-sentence paragraphs or ideas loosely organised • within paragraphs / sections, some links between sentences, e.g. use of pronouns or of adverbials • movement between paragraphs / sections sometimes abrupt or disjointed	In most writing	In most writing • purpose established at a general level • main features of selected form sometimes signalled to the reader • some attempts at appropriate style, with attention to reader	In most writing • simple, generally appropriate vocabulary used, limited in range • some words selected for effect or occasion	In most writing	In most writing: • legible style, shows accurate and consistent letter formation, sometim joined
Level 2	In some forms of writing • some variation in sentence openings, e.g. not always starting with name or pronoun • mainly simple sentences with and used to connect clauses • past and present tense generally consistent	In some forms of writing clause structure mostly grammatically correct sentence demarcation with capital letters and full stops usually accurate some accurate use of question and exclamation marks, and commas in lists	In some forms of writing • some basic sequencing of ideas or material, e.g. time-related words or phrases, line breaks, headings, numbers • openings and/or closings sometimes signalled	In some forms of writing ideas in sections grouped by content, some linking by simple pronouns	In some forms of writing mostly relevant ideas and content, sometimes repetitive or sparse some apt word choices create interest brief comments, questions about events or actions suggest viewpoint	In some forms of writing • some basic purpose established, e.g. main features of story, report • some appropriate features of the given form used • some attempts to adopt appropriate style	In some forms of writing simple, often speech-like vocabulary conveys relevant meanings some adventurous word choices, e.g. opportune use of new vocabulary	In some forms of writing usually correct spelling of high frequency grammatical function words common single morpheme content/lexical words likely errors inflected endings, e.g. past tense, plurals, adverbs phonetic attempts at vowel digraphs	In some forms of writing: Ietters generally correctly shaped but inconsistencies in orientation, size and use of upper/lower case letters clear letter formation, with ascenders and descenders distinguished, generally upper and lower case letters not mixed within words
Level 1	In some writing, usually with support: • reliance on simple phrases and clauses • some sentence-like structures formed by chaining clauses together, e.g. series of ideas joined by repeated use of 'and'	In some writing, usually with support: mostly grammatically accurate clauses some awareness of use of full stops and capital letters, e.g. beginning/end of sentence	In some writing, usually with support: • some formulaic phrases indicate start/end of text, e.g. once upon a time, one day, the end • events/ideas sometimes in appropriate order, e.g. actions listed in time sequence, items numbered	In some writing, usually with support: • simple connections between ideas, events, e.g. repeated nouns, pronouns relate to main idea	In some writing, usually with support: • basic information and ideas conveyed through appropriate word choice, e.g. relate to topic • some descriptive language, e.g. colour, size, simple emotion	In some writing, usually with support: • some indication of basic purpose, particular form or awareness of reader, e.g. story, label, message	In some writing, usually with support: • mostly simple vocabulary • communicates meaning through repetition of key words	In some writing, usually with support: usually correct spelling of simple high-frequency words phonetically plausible attempts at words with digraphs and double letters sufficient number of recognisable words for writing to be readable, including, e.g. use of letter names to approximate syllables and words	In some writing, usually with support: most letters correctly formed and orientated spaces between words upper and lower case sometimes distinguished use of ICT, e.g. use keyboard to type owname



